HISTORY SYLLABUS

Rabindranath Tagore University

Four Year Undergraduate Bachelor of Arts Course Structure in History AS PER NEP, 2020 $1^{st}, 2^{nd}, 3^{rd}, 4^{th}, 5^{TH}, \text{AND } 6^{th} \text{ Semester}$ DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY

BA (MAJOR) Programme in History Course Structure of the B.A. MAJOR & MINOR Programme List of courses of the B.A. MAJOR & MINOR Programme Detailed syllabus of the B.A. MAJOR Core Courses Detailed syllabus of the B.A. MINOR Courses Detailed syllabus of the B.A. INTERDISICIPLINERY Courses

SEMESTER	CATEGORY OF COURSE	HONOURS	Credits
Semester I	HISCore-1	History of India-I(Upto 300 BCE)	4
	HISMinor-1	History of India upto 1206	4
	IDC/GE-1	Understanding Science and	3
		Technology in Ancient India	
	AECC-1		2
	SEC-1	Heritage Tourism of North East India	3
	VAC-1		2
	VAC-2		2
Semester II	HISCore-2	History of India-II (From BCE.300 to 750)	4
	HISMinor-2	History of India (1206-1757)	4
	IDC/GE -2	Understanding Cultural Heritage of Assam.	3
	AECC-2		2
	SEC-2	Oral Culture and History	3
	VAC-3		2
	VAC-4		2

Semester III	HIS Core-3	History of India-III (C.750-1206)	
	HIS Core -4	History of Assam upto c.1228	
	Minor-3	History of India 1757-1947	
	IDC/GE-3	Environmental History of India	

	AECC-3		
	SEC-3	Introduction to Performing Arts	
		and Culture of Assam	
Semester IV	HIS Core-5	History of India- IV	
		(c.1206-1550)	
	HIS Core-6	History of India- V	
		(c.1550-1605)	
	HIS Core-7	Rise of Modern West -I	
	Minor-4	History of Assam upto c.1228	
	AECC-4	l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l	
	Summer		
	Internship		
Semester V	HIS Core -8	History of India vi (c. 1605- 1750)	
	HIS Core -9	History of Assam	
	This core y	(c. 1228 –1826)	
	HIS Core -10	Rise of Modern West-II	
	HIS Core -11	History of Modern Europe (1780-	
		1939)	
	Minor- 5	History of Assam	
	2,211,02	(c. 1228 –1826)	
Semester VI	HIS Core -12	History of Modern Europe 1780-	
Semester vi	1118 6016 12	1939	
	HIS Core -13	India's Resistance Against Colonial	
		Penetration (c. 1750 - 1857)	
	HIS Core -14	India's struggle for freedom (1857-	
		1947)	
	HIS Core -15	History of Assam From	
		(c. 1826 – 1947)	
	Minor -6	Social and Economic History of	
		Assam	
Semester VII	HIS Core -16	History of East Asia - 1840-1970	
	HIS Core -17	Gender History	
	His Core-18	Art and Architecture in India	
	His-Core-19	Historiography	
		History: Concepts and Ideas	
	Minor -7	History Assam From	
		(c. 1826 – 1947)	
	Dissertation / Project Only		
	for Research		
Semester VIII	HIS Core -20	Environmental history	
	His Core-21	Assam since independence	
	His Core-22	An introduction to the Tribes of	
	Additional paper only for	North East India	
	non-research		

His-Core-22	International Relations since 1939
Additional paper for non-	
research	
His Core-23	Research Methods in History
Additional paper only for	
research	
His-Core-23	International Relations since 1939
Additional paper only for	
research	
Minor-8	Assam since independence
Dissertation/Project only for	
Research	

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The primary objectives of Four Year undergraduate Programe in History are:

- 1. To enable the students' learning History as a subject of Social Science and its relation with other subjects.
- 2. To provide the students an in depth theoretical background in the subject.
- 3. To enable the students to understand the Historical methodologies.
- 4. To enable the students to critically evaluate issues and emerging trends in History in recent times.
- 5. To familiarize students with educational technology and train them in use of ICT in learning History.
- 6. It will enable the students to develop communication skill and Research Skill by doing History.
- 7. To enable the students to be self sustainable and independent in choosing professions beyond History.

Semester I

HIS-CORE-I- HISTORY OF INDIA- I

Lectures: 3; Tutorial: 1 (per week) Credit-4 Marks-80+20=100 Learning Outcome: After the completion of this paper, the students will be able to explore and effectively use historical tools in reconstructing the remote past of ancient Indian pre and proto history. The course will also train the students to analyze the various stages of evolution of human cultures and the belief systems in the proto- history period.

UNIT	TITLE	M	CLASSES TO BE
		ARKS	TAKEN
			LECTURE-60
			TUTORIAL=20

			TOTAL INHRS-60 HRS
UNIT-I	Reconstructing Ancient Indian	16	3+1
	History: The idea of History		
	A. Sources and tools of historical		
	reconstruction: archaeological:		
	epigraphy, numismatics, literary		
	B. Historical interpretations (with special		
	reference to gender, environment,		
	technology, and regions)		
UNIT-II	Pre-historic hunter-gatherers:	16	3+1
	A. Paleolithic cultures- sequence and		
	distribution		
	B. Mesolithic cultures- regional and		
	chronological distribution, rock art.		
UNIT-III	The advent of food production:	16	3+1
	Understanding the regional and		
	chronological distribution of the		
	Neolithic culture Chalcolithic cultures:		
	subsistence, and		
	patterns of exchange		
UNIT-IV	The Harappan civilization: Origins:	16	3+1
	Settlement patterns and town planning;		
	agrarian base; craft productions and trade.		
	Social and political organization; religious		
	beliefs and practices; art. The problem of		
	urban decline and the		
	late- post-Harappan traditions		
UNIT-V	Cultures in transition: Settlement	16	3+1
	patterns,technological and		
	economic developments		
	social stratification; political		
	relations; religion and		
	philosophy; the Aryan Problem,		
	North India (circa 1500 BCE-300 BCE)		
	Central India and the Deccan (circa 1000		
	BCE - circa 300 BCE) Tamilakam (circa		
	300 BCE to circa CE 300)		

Suggested Readings:

R.S. Sharma, India's Ancient Past, New Delhi, OUP, 2007

R. S. Sharma, Material Culture and Social Formations in Ancient India, Laxmi Publications, 2007.

R.S. Sharma, Looking for the Aryas, Delhi, Orient Longman Publishers, 1995

D. P. Agrawal, The Archaeology of India, 1985

Bridget & Dridget & Pakistan, 1983.

A. L. Basham, The Wonder that Was India, 1971.

D. K. Chakrabarti, The Archaeology of Ancient Indian Cities, 1997,

D. K. Chakrabarti, The Oxford Companion to Indian Archaeology, New Delhi, 2006.

H. C. Raychaudhuri, Political History of Ancient India, Rev. ed. With Commentary by B. N. Mukherjee, 1996

K. A. N. Sastri, ed., History of South India, OUP, 1966.

Upinder Singh, A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India, 2008.

Romila Thapar, Early India from the Beginnings to 1300, London, 2002.

Uma Chakravarti, The Social Dimensions of Early Buddhism. 1997.

Rajan Gurukkal, Social Formations of Early South India, 2010.

Champakalakshmi, Trade. Ideology and urbanization: South India 300 BC- AD 1300,1999

HIS-MINOR-1- HISTORY OF INDIA (FROM THE EARLIEST TIMES TO 1206 A.D.)

Lectures: 3; Tutorial: 1 (per week)

Credit-4 Marks-80+20=100

Learning Outcome: Upon completion of this course, students will be able to learn the emergence of state formation system in North India, development of imperial state structure and state formation in South India in the early period. They will be able to understand the changes and transformations in polity, economy and society in early India and the linkages developed through contacts with the outside world.

UNIT -	TITTLE		MAR	CLASSES TO BE
		KS		TAKEN
				LECTURE=60
				TUTORIAL=20
				TOTAL IN HRS=
				60HRS
UNIT-I	Sources: literary and archaeological Indus Civilization: origin, extent,urban planning and urban decline. Society, polity, economy and religion in the Rig Vedic Period Society, polity, economy and religion in the Later Vedic Period		16	3 +1= 4 HRS
UNIT -II	Rise of territorial states		16	3 +1=
01111 -11	Janapadas and Mahajanapadas		10	4 HRS
	Rise of new religious			71105
	movements in north India-			
	Jainism and Buddhism, social			
	dimension of early Jainism			
	and Buddhism			

	The Mauryas -Background of Mauryan state formation. Asoka: Dhamma - its propagation; Administration and Economy under the Mauryas. Decline of the Mauryas		
UNIT -III	Post-Mauryan period: The Sungas, Chedis Kharavelas and Satavahanas Sangam Age: literature, society and culture in South India.	16	3 +1= 4 HRS
UNIT-IV	Central Asian contact and its Impact: The Indo-Greeks, Sakas and Kushanas.The Gupta Empire- state and administration.Post Gupta period: Vardhanas and Palas	16	3 +1= 4 HRS
UNIT-V	Political development in the South: The Pallavas, the imperial Cholas, the Rashtrakutas and the Chalukyas. The Arabs and the Turks in Indian politics-Ghaznavids and the Ghori&invasions. Indian Society during 650-1200 A.Dliterature & Description of the Arabs and the Ghori.	16	3 +1= 4 HRS

Suggested Reading:

- R.S. Sharma, India's Ancient Past, New Delhi, OUP, 2007
- R. S. Sharma, Material Culture and Social Formations in Ancient India, Laxmi Publications, 2007.
- R.S. Sharma, Looking for the Aryas, Delhi, Orient Longman Publishers, 1995
- D. P. Agrawal, The Archaeology of India, 1985
- Bridget & Samp; F. Raymond Allchin, The Rise of Civilization in India and Pakistan, 1983.
- A. L. Basham, The Wonder that Was India, 1971. D. K. Chakrabarti, The Archaeology of Ancient Indian Cities, 1997,
- D. K. Chakrabarti, The Oxford Companion to Indian Archaeology, New Delhi, 2006.
- H. C. Raychaudhuri, Political History of Ancient India, Rev. ed. With Commentary by B. N. Mukherjee, 1996
- K. A. N. Sastri, ed., History of South India, OUP, 1966.
- Upinder Singh, A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India, 2008.

RomilaThapar, Early India from the Beginnings to 1300, London, 2002. Uma Chakravarti, The Social Dimensions of Early Buddhism. 1997. Rajan Gurukkal, Social Formations of Early South India, 2010. R. Champakalakshmi, Trade. Ideology and Urbanisation: South India 300 BC-AD 1300, 1996.

HIS-IDC/GE- I: UNDERSTANDING SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY IN ANCIENT INDIA

Lectures: 2; Tutorial: 1 (per week)

Credit: 3 Marks: 60+15=75

Learning Outcome: This course aims to introduce students to the history of science and technology in Ancient India and to familiarize them with the major developments in different branches of science. Also let them acquainted with knowledge of technological advances from Paleolithic to Neolithic phases. After the completion of this paper, the students will be able to explore and understand a comprehensive understanding of the historical development of science and technology in Ancient India.

UNIT	TITLE	MARKS	CLASSES TO BE TAKEN LECTURE=32 TUTORIAL=16 TOTAL IN HRS=
Unit I	Stone Age technology: Conceptual understanding of Technology and its growth Origin and growth of food production. Paleolithic: Stone industries and other technological development Mesolithic: New developments in technology, society and economy Neolithic: Technological changes	15	48HRS 2+1= 3 HRS
Unit II	Bronze Age technology: Tools , Metallurgy, Craft work.	15	2 +1=3 HRS
Unit III	Iron Age culture: Use of iron and its impact. Painted grey ware (PGW) and Northern Black Polished ware (NBPW) cultures.	15	2 +1= 3 HRS
Unit IV	Early developments in science and technology: Aryabhatta, Varahmihira, Brahmagupta, Bhaskara I, Charaka. Technological developments in the early medieval period, Persian wheel, Agro industries Metal technology, gun-powder,	15	2 +1= 3 HRS

textiles, bridge-building.		
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Suggested Reading:

A. Roy and S. K. Bagchi (eds) Technology in Ancient and Medieval India,

D. P. Chattopadhyay, History of Science and technology in Ancient India,

D.D. Kosambi, An Introduction to the Study of Indian History,

RS. Sharma, Material Culture and Social Transformation in Ancient India.

IrfanHabib, Pre-history, People's History series,

T. Raychoudhury&IrfanHabib (eds) Cambridge Economic History of Indian Vol. I. X. 1200 C1750

A.k Bag(ed): History of Technology in India, Indian National Science Academy, New Delhi, 1997.

Upinder Singh, The History of the Ancient and Early Medieval India, Pearson, 2008

SKIL ENHENCHMENT COURSE HISTORY

HIS-SEC- I- Heritage Tourism in North East India

Lectures: 2 Tutorial: 1 (per week) Marks-50+25=75

Credit-3

Course Outcome:

After completing this course, students will be able to explain Tourism in North East India with special reference to the historical monuments, cultural and ecological elements and places of the north east India country as tourist and heritage sites of the nation. They will be able to relate to the growing vocation of tourism as an industry and the applicability of historical knowledge for its growth.

In-semester assessment: Students shall carry out a small project (submission not less than 2000 words) based on survey of an area or monument. The project should try to unearth the tourism potential of the surveyed area or monument. The project may also be on an existing tourist site. No sessional examination is required for this paper.

Unit	Title	Marks	Classes
			to be
			taken
Unit I	Theoretical aspects of tourism, Elementary	14	
	geography and bio – diversity of		
	North East India		
	[a]: Tourism – Concept, meaning and significance		
	[b] : Different types of Tourism		
	[c]: Physiographical divisions, water bodies and		
	climatic conditions		
	[d]: Important wildlife habitats: Kaziranga, Manas,		
	Orang, Nameri, Dibru Saikhowa,		
	Namdapha, Keibul Lamjao, Rain forests of Assam.		

Unit II	Ancient remains and Important tourist places of the North – East India [a]: Ancient remains: Goalpara, Ambari, Tezpur, Deopahar, Malinithan, Doyang – Dhansiri Valley [b]: Tourist places: Shillong, Cherapunjee, Aizwal, Gangtok, Kohima, Tawang, Poa Mecca (Hajo), Azan Pir Dargah, Jatinga	12	
Unit III	Architectural Heritage [a]:Dimapur, Kasomari, Maibong, Khaspur [b]:Charaideo, Garhgaon, Sivasagar and Rangpur [c]:Ujayanta palace, NeerMahal [d]:Kamakhya, HayagrivaMadhava, Tripura Sundari Temple, Rumtek monastery [e]:Kangla fort	12	
Unit IV	Fairs and festivals of the North – East [a]: Festivals - Bihu, Ali Aye Lrigang, Mopin festival, Tai – Buddhist festivals in Assam [b]: Bhaona, Ras celebration in Majuli [c]: Fairs – Jonbil Mela, Ambubachi fair at Kamakhya [d]: Tourist festivals based on ethnic culture – Horn Bill festival, Sangai festival, Dihing Patkai festival	12	

Readings:

Bezboruah, M: Tourism in North East India

Bora, S., & Bora, M.C., :The Story of Tourism: An Enchanting Journey through India's North – East, UBSPD, Delhi, 2004.: Paryatanar Ruprekha: Uttar Purbanchalar ItihasAruSanskritirPatabhumi

Bhatia, A. K. : *International Tourism – Fundamentals and Practices*, New Delhi, 1997 : *Tourism in India*

Nath, R.M.: The Background of Assamese Culture, Guwahati, 1978

Sarma, P.: Architecture of Assam, Delhi - 1988

Ahmed, Kamaluddin: The Art and Architecture of Assam, Spectrum Publication, Guwahati, 1994.

Bhattacharya, P.: Tourism in Assam, BaniMandir, Guwahati, 2004

Neog, M.: Pavitra Asom, LBS, Guwahati

: Asamiya Sanskritir Ruprekha, Guwahati - 1970

Boruah, P.: Chitra-Bichitra Asom, Guwahati, 2003

Taher&Ahmed: Geography of North East India, Mani Manik Prakash, Guwahati, 2010.

Gogoi, Atanu : Paryatan Aru Uttar Purbanchal, Bani Mandir, Guwahati, 2006

SEMESTER II

HIS-CORE- II- HISTORY OF INDIA- II

Lectures: 3; Tutorial: 1 (per week)

Credit-4 Marks-80+20=100

Learning Outcome: After completion of this course the students will be able to learn the economic and socio-cultural connections, transitions and stratifications during the ruling houses, empires and the politico-administrative nuances of early Indian History from 300 BCE to 300CE. The paper dealt with the agrarian expansion of early medieval period which has brought drastic changes in society-economy and religion and culture.

UNIT	TITLE	MARK	CLASSES TO BE TAKEN LECTURE=60 TUTORIAL=20 TOTAL IN HRS=
			60HRS
Unit I	Economy and Society (circa 300 BCE to circa CE 300):Expansion of agrarian economy:production relations. Urban growth: north India, central India and the Deccan; Craft Production: trade and trade routes; coinage. Social stratification: class, Varna, jati, untouchability; gender; marriage and property relations	16	3 +1= 4 HRS
Unit II	Changing political formations (circa 300 BCE to circa	16	3
	CE 300): The Mauryan Empire		+1=4
	Post-Mauryan Polities: Kushanas,		HRS
Unit III	Satavahanas, Gana Sanghas. Towards early medieval India [circa	16	3
	CE fourth century to CE 750]:	10	+1= 4
	Agrarian expansion: land grants,		HRS
	changing production relations; graded		
	Land rights and Peasantry.		
	The problem of urban decline: patterns		
	of trade, currency, and urban		
	Settlements.		
	Varna, proliferation of jatis: changing		
	norms of marriage and property.		
	The nature of polities: the Gupta		
	empire and its contemporaries.		

	Post- Gupta polities - Pallavas,		
	Chalukyas, and Vardhanas		
Unit IV	Religion, philosophy and society	16	3
	(circa 300 BCE- CE 750):		+1= 4
	Consolidation of the brahmanical		HRS
	tradition: dharma, Varnashram,		
	Purusharthas,		
	samskaras.		
	Theistic cults (from circa second		
	century BC): Mahayana; the Puranic		
	tradition.		
	The beginnings of Tantricism		
Unit V	Cultural developments (circa 300 BCE- 750 CE) A	16	3
	brief survey of Sanskrit, Pali		+1=4
	Prakrit and Tamil literature; Scientific		HRS
	and technical treatises, Art and architecture & Damp;		
	forms and patronage during the Mauryan period Art		
	and architecture & amp; forms and patronage during		
	Post- Mauryan, Gupta, post-Gupta		

Suggested Readings:

- B. D. Chattopadhyaya, The Making of Early Medieval India, 1994.
- D. P. Chattopadhyaya, History of Science and Technology in Ancient India, 1986.
- D. D. Kosambi, An Introduction to the Study of Indian History, 1975.
- S. K. Maity, Economic Life in Northern India in the Gupta Period, 1970.
- B. P. Sahu (ed), Land System and Rural Society in Early India, 1997.
- K. N. Sastri, A History of South India.
- R. S. Sharma, Indian Feudalism, 1980.

R.S.Sharma, Urban Decay in India,c.300- c.1000,Delhi, Munshiram Manohar Lal,1987 Romila Thapar, Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas, 1997.

Susan Huntington, The Art of Ancient India: Buddhist, Hindu, and Jain, New York, 1985.

HIS –MINOR-II- HISTORY OF INDIA (c.1206 to 1757)

Lecture: 3; Tutorial: 1 (per week)

Credit-4 Marks-80+20=100

Learning Outcome: Upon completion of this course, students will be able to analyse the political and social developments in India between the periods of 1206-1757. Students will be able to gather knowledge about the formation of different States during this period along with their administrative apparatuses, and the society, economy and culture of India in the 13th to mid-18th century period.

UNIT	TITLE	MARKS	CLASSES TO BE
			TAKEN
			LECTURE=60
			TUTORIAL=20

			TOTAL IN HRS=60HRS
Unit I	Foundation and consolidation of the Sultanate :Iltutmish, Sultana Raziya, Balban and the Mongol invasions Expansion of Sultanate: Alauddin Khalji - conquests and administration Tughlaqs - Muhammad bin Tughlaq and Firoz Shah Tughlaq.	16	3 +1= 4 HRS
Unit II	Decline of the Sultanate Rise of Provincial Kingdoms and contest for supremacy: Vijaynagar and Bahmani Kingdoms. Political and Revenue administration: Iqtadari system Agriculture, trade and commerce during the Sultanate period	16	3 +1=4 HRS
Unit III	Foundation of the Mughal Empire: Mughal - Afghan contest - Babur and Humayun; Sher Shah and his administration. Consolidation and territorial Expansion of the Mughal Empire- Akbar, Jahangir, Shahjahan, Aurangzeb, Mughal- Rajput Relations, Religious Policy of the Mughals	16	3 +1= 4 HRS
Unit IV	Rise of Maratha power under Shivaji. Disintegration of the Mughal Empire Mughal Administration: Mansabdari and Jagirdari System Aspects of society and economy during the Mughal period: agriculture, trade and commerce	16	3 +1= 4 HRS
Unit V	Syncretism in medieval India: religion, literature, art and architecture Bhakti movement: Nanak, Kabir and Mirabai Sufism: Different Silsilahs	16	3 +1= 4 HRS

Suggested Reading:

Satish Chandra: Medieval India from Sultanat to the Mughals, Vols. I, II

R. P Tripathy: Rise and fall of the Mughal Empire

R.C. Majumdar (ed): The History and Culture of the Indian People, Vols. VI

K.M Asraf: Life and Conditions of the People of Hindusthan K.N Chitnis: Socio- Economic History of Medieval India

Irfan Habib: Agrarian System of Mughal Empire

M Habib, & Dizami: Comprehensive History of India, Vol.V

J.L Mehta: Advanced Study in History of Medieval India, Vol. I & Samp; II

K.A Nizami: Studies in Medieval Indian History and Culture

A Rashid: Society and Culture in Medieval India

S.A.A Rizvi: The Wonder that was India, Part-II: A History of Sufism in India

Semester-II

HIS-IDC/GE -II UNDERSTANDING CULTURAL HERITAGE OF ASSAM

Lectures: 2 Tutorial: 1 (per week)

Credit: 3 Marks: 60+15=75

Learning outcome: The content of the paper will help the students to aware of the rich cultural heritage of ancient and medieval Assam. The students will be able to acquaint with the art and architecture of the period under study with a focus on major archaeological sites and architectural remains. The students will understand the context and various stylistic traditions of archaeological and architectural remains. The students will also have an understanding of neo-Vaishnavite traditions of Assam.

UNIT	TITLE	MARKS	CLASSES TO BE
01,11			TAKEN
			LECTURE=32
			TUTORIAL=16
			TOTAL IN HRS=
			48HRS
Unit I	Meaning and concept: Culture and	15	2
	Heritage. Archaeological remains:		+1= 3 HRS
	Deopahar, Malini than, Madan Kamdev,		
	Daparbotiya, ,Doyang-Dhansiri		
	Sculptures of Assam: Deopani School, East		
	India school of Medieval Art		
	Stupas and rock cut caves: Surya		
	pahar, Jogighopa, Pancharatna		
Unit II	Historical monuments of Ahom	15	2+1
	period: Monuments at Sivasagar, and		=3 HRS
	Dergaon, Maidams of Charaideu		
	Monuments of Koch period:		
	Kamakhya and Hajo.		
	Literary traditions of Medieval Assam:		
	Buranjis, Vamsavali		
Unit III	Neo- Vaishnavism in MedievalAssam:	15	2
	Socio-religious background, Basic		+1= 3 HRS
	tenets and its impact on tribal society.		
	Satra institutions of Barpeta and		
	Majuli		
	Development of Vernacular literature:		
	Bhakti literature, Caritputhi		

Unit IV	Monuments Kachari period: Kasomari and	15	2
	Dimapur, Maibong.		+1= 3 HRS
	Art and Architecture of the		
	Ahoms:Temple, Satra, Namghar and		
	Royal buildings		
	Manuscript tradition of medieval		
	Assam		

Suggested Reading:

MaheswarNeog, Cultural Heritage of Assam-----Sankardeva and His Times

H.K. Barpujari, The Comprehensive History of Assam Vol.I and III

S. N. Sarma, A Socio-Economic and Cultural History of Medieval Assam

-----, Neo- Vaishnavite Movement and Satra Institutions of Assam

B.K.Baruah, A Cultural History of Assam

S.L. Baruah, A Comprehensive History of Assam

SEMESTER-II- SKIL ENHENCHMENT COURSE HISTORY

HIS-SEC-II- Oral Culture and Oral History

Lectures: 2 Tutorial: 1 (per week) Marks-50+25=80

Credit-3

Learning Outcome: After this course the students will be able to explain complex interrelationships of structures or events in the context of broader social and cultural framework of societies through 'public memory' and use oral history to preserve oral culture and local history The students will be able to espouse the relevance to the northeastern region of India with its diverse culture and ethnic communities whose history is largely oral. The students will be able to use 'Public memory' as a tool and a source not only to write public history but also to explore new knowledge in the humanities, social sciences and even in disciplines like architecture, communication studies, gender studies, English, history, philosophy, political science, religion, and sociology.

In-semester assessment: Students shall carry out a small project (submission not less than 2000 words) using the Oral History method. It may be based on interviews of persons having information of past event or phenomena. No sessional examination is required for this course.

	TITLE	MARKS	CLASSES	TO
NIT			BE TAKEN	

			LECTURE=32 TUTORIAL=16 TOTAL IN HRS= 48HR
UNIT-I	Concepts: (a) Orality, Oral Tradition, Oral Culture (b) Oral History (c) Distinction between Oral Tradition and Oral History	4	2 +1=3HR S
UNIT-II	History and Historiography (a) Oral History as a tool for analysis (b) Social issues : Gender, conflict, violence, etc. (c) Economic issues : Development schemes and their impact, displacement, etc	2	2 +1=3HR S
UNIT-III	Methodology: (a) Collection, preservation and interpretation of historical information through recorded interviews of people, communities, and participants in past events (b) Documentation and Archiving: Written, Audio and Visual	2	2 +1=3HR S
UNIT-IV	Potential areas for Oral History research: (a) Oral Traditions: Customs, Beliefs, Practices and World view; (b) Life Histories: Participants in past events; Women; War migrants; Victim of disasters, government policies, ethnic conflicts; Personal stories.	2	2 +1=3HR S

Readings:

Thompson, Paul R., *Voice of the Past: Oral History*, OUP, Great Britain, 1978 Ritchie, Donald A.: *Doing Oral History: A Practical Guide*, OUP, New York, 2003.

Perks, Robert and Thomson, Alistair (eds.) Oral History Reader, Routledge, 1998.

Valerie Raleigh Yow, Recording Oral History, Altamira Press, USA, 2005.

Vansina, Jan, Oral Tradition. A Study in Historical Methodology (Translated from the

French by H. M. Wright). London: Routledge&Kegan Paul. 1965

Vansina, Jan, *Oral Tradition as History*, Madison: University of Wisconsin Press. 1985 Butalia, Urvashi, *The Other Side of Silence: Voices from the Partition of India*, Penguin. 2017.

Humphries: *The Handbook of Oral History*.

H. Roberts. Ed. *Doing Feminist Research*, Routledge&KeganPaul,London,1981 John Miles Foley, Oral *Formulaic-Theory: An Introduction &Annotated Bibliography*,

New York & London: Garland, 1985

Das, Veena,(ed.), Mirrors of Violence: Communities, Riots & Survivors in South Asia,

Delhi, OUP, 1990

Prasad, M. Mahadeva, Ideology of the Hindi Film: A Historical Construction, Delhi, OUP, 1998.

SEMESTER III

HIS-CORE- III-HISTORY OF INDIA III (c. 750-1206)

Lectures: 3; Tutorial: 1 (per week) Marks=80+20=100

Credit- 4

Learning Outcome: The completion of this paper will enable the students to relate and explain the developments in India in its political and economic fields and its relation to the social and cultural patterns therein in the historical time period between c.700 to 1206. They will also be able to analyse India's interaction with another wave of foreign influence and the changes brought in its wake in the period.

UNIT	TITLE	MARKS	CLASSES TO BE TAKEN LECTURE= 60 TUTORIAL=20 TOTAL IN
TT. 1. T			HRS= 60
Unit I	Studying Early Medieval India: Historical geography; Sources: texts, epigraphic and	6	3+1=4HRS
	numismatic data		
	Debates on Indian feudalism, rise of the Rajputs and		
	the nature of the state		
Unit II	Political Structures:		3+1=4HRS
	Evolution of political structures: Rashtrakutas, Palas,	6	
	Pratiharas, Rajputs and Cholas		
	Legitimization of kingship; brahmanas emples; royal		
	genealogies and rituals		
	Arab conquest of Sindh: nature and impact of the new		
	set-up; Ismaili dawah		
	Early Turkish invasions: Mahmud of Ghazna; Shahab- ud-Din of Ghur		
Unit III	Agrarian Structure and Social Change: Agricultural		3+1=4HRS
	expansion:	6	
	Crops, Landlords and peasants		
	Proliferation of castes; status of untouchables		
	Tribes as peasants and their place in the Varna order		

Unit IV	Trade and Commerce: Inter-regional trade		3+1=4HRS
	Maritime trade, Medium of exchange	6	
	Process of urbanization, Merchant guilds of South		
	India.		
Unit V	Religious and Cultural Developments:		3
	Bhakti, Tantricism, Puranic traditions, Buddhism and	6	+1=4
	Jainism; Popular religious cults .Islamic intellectual		HRS
	traditions: Al-Biruni; Al-Hujwiri		
	Art and architecture: Evolution of regional styles		

Suggested Readings:

R.S. Sharma, Indian Feudalism (circa 300-1200).

B.D. Chattopadhyaya, The Making of Early Medieval India.

R.S. Sharma and K.M. Shrimali, eds, Comprehensive History of India, Vol. IV (A & B).

Mohammad Habib and K.A. Nizami, eds, Comprehensive History of India, Vol. V, The Delhi Sultanate

Hermann Kulke, ed., The State in India (AD 1000-AD 1700).

N. Karashima, South Indian History and Society (Studies from Inscriptions, AD 850-1800

Derryl N. Maclean, Religion and Society in Arab Sindh.

Irfan Habib, Medieval India: The Study of a Civilization.

Richard Davis Lives of Indian Images.

Romila Thapar, Somanatha: The Many Voices of a History.

John S. Deyell, Living Without Silver: The Monetary History of Early Medieval North India.

Vijaya Ramaswamy, Walking Naked: Women, Society, and Spirituality in South India.

Burton Stein, Peasant State and Society in Medieval South India.

R. Champakalakshmi, Trade, Ideology and Urbanization: South India, 300 BC to 1300 AD.

Al. Beruni's India, NBT edition...

SC Mishra, Rise of Muslim Communities in Gujarat.

J. Schwartzberg, Historical Atlas of South Asia.

HIS-CORE IV- HISTORY OF ASSAM (UPTO c. 1228)

Lectures: 3; Tutorial: 1 (per week) Marks=80+20=100

Credit- 4

Learning Outcome: This paper will give a general outline of the history of Assam from the earliest times to the advent of the Ahoms in the 13th century. After completion, students will be acquainted with major stages of developments in the political, social and cultural history of Assam during the early times.

UNIT	TITLE	MARKS	CLASSES TO BE
			TAKEN
			LECTURE= 60
			TUTORIAL=20
			TOTAL IN HRS=
			60
UNIT I	[a] A brief survey of the sources: Literary,		3+1=
	Archaeological	6	4HRS
	[b] Land and people: Migration routes		
	[c] Cultural linkages with South East Asia: the		
	Stone Jars of Dima Hasao		
UNIT II	[a] Origin and antiquity of Pragjyotisha or		3+1=
	Kamrupa Society	6	4HRS
	[b] Traditional rulers and early History		
	[c] Religion and belief systems		
UNIT III	Political dynasties:		3+1=
	[a] Varmana	6	4HRS
	[b] Salastambha		
	[c] Pala		
UNIT IV	[a] Political condition of Assam in the Post-Pala		3+1=
	period.	6	4HRS
	[b] Turko-Afghan invasions		
	[c] Disintegration of the Kingdom of Kamarupa		
UNIT V	[a] Central and Provincial administration		3+1=
	[b] Judicial administration	6	4HRS
	[c] Revenue administration		
	[d] Cultural Life: Literature, Art and		
	architecture		

Further Readings

1. S.L.Baruah,: A Comprehensive History of Assam, Munshiram Monoharlal Publishers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1985

- 2. H. K. Barpujari: The Comprehensive History of Assam Vol. I
- 3. E. A.Gait: A History of Assam Page 25 of 37
- 4. K. L. Baruah : Early History of Kamrupa
- 5. P. C. Choudhury: The History Civilization of the People of Assam
- 6. B.K Baruah: Cultural History of Assam.

HISTORY MINOR HIS-MINOR-III- HISTORY OF INDIA (c. 1757 to 1947)

Lectures: 3, Tutorial: 1 (per week) Marks=80+20=100 Credit-4

Learning Outcome: After completion of this course, students will be able to understand the major factors that led to the establishment and consolidation of British rule in India. They will also be able to identify the process of growth of resistance against British colonial rule and the eventual growth of Indian nationalist movement, which ultimately led to the end of the British rule in the country.

UNIT	TITLE	MARKS	CLASSES TO BE TAKEN LECTURE=60 TUTORIAL=20 TOTAL IN HRS= 60HRS
UNIT I	Political condition in post-Mughal period and rise of regional powers: Bengal, Oudh and Hyderabad, The Battle of Plassey and the Battle of Buxar the establishment of the British rule in India, Robert Clive and his Dual Administration in Bengal.	6	3+1=4 hrs
UNIT II	Expansion and Consolidation of the British rule: Warren Hastings and Lord Cornwallis. British relations with the Marathas and Mysore, Lord Wellesley and the Policy of Subsidiary Alliance, Lord Hastings and the relations with the Indian States	6	3+1=4 hrs
UNIT III	Reforms and Renaissance: Lord Bentinck and his reforms Raja Ram Mohan Roy and the growth of progressive ideas in India. The Growth and expansion of Sikh power under Ranjit Singh. Lord Dalhousie and his policy of expansion- the Doctrine of Lapse	6	3+1=4 hrs
UNIT IV	The Revolt of 1857- its causes and consequences: The Government of India Act of 1858. The British Economic policies in India - Land revenue systems - Permanent settlement, Ryotwari and Mahalwari; trade, commercialization of agriculture, the Drain Theory. Background and establishment of the Indian National Congress.	6	3+1=4 hrs

UNIT V	Partition politics and freedom movement:		3+1=4 hrs
	Partition of Bengal - the Swadeshi Movement in	6	
	India-growth of Revolutionary Terrorism.		
	Gandhi in Indian politics- from Khilafat to the		
	Civil Disobedience Movement.		
	The growth of the Left, Muslim League and		
	Communal politics in India.		
	The Quit India Movement - The INA and		
	Partition of India.		

Suggestive Readings:

Sekhar Bandyopadhya: From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India, Orient Longman Ltd. Hyderabad, 2004

Bipan Chandra, M Mukherjee, et al India's Struggle for Independence, Penguin Books, New Delhi, 2003.

Bipan Chandra: History of Modern India, Orient BlackSwan, 2010

B.L Grover and S Grover : A New Look at Modern Indian History, S. Chand & Company, New Delhi, 2004.

Sumit Sarkar, Modern India, Macmillan

P Spear: History of Modern India, Penguin Books, New Delhi, 1993.

Bipan Chandra: The Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India, Peoples Publication House, New Delhi, 1990.

A.R Desai: Social Background of Indian Nationalism, Popular Publication, New Delhi, 1990. Micheal Fisher. The Politics of the British Annexation of India, 1757-1857, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1999.

S Gopal: The British Policy in India, 1858-1905. McMillan, New Delhi, 1992.

J. S Grewal: The Sikhs of the Punjab, Cambridge University Press, New Delhi, 1999.

Stuart Gordon: The Marathas, Cambridge University Press, New Delhi, 1999.

W Jones Socio-Religious Reform Movements in British India, Cambridge University Press, New Delhi, 1999.

Semester III IDC/GE HISTORY- IDC/GE: III - ENVIRONMENTAL HISTORY OF INDIA

Lectures: 2 Tutorial: 1 (per week) Marks-60+15=75

Credit-3

Learning Outcome: This paper mainly aims to acquainted the students about the relationship of Environment with History. After completion of this paper the students will be able to explore the historical dimensions of environment. The periodisation will also help to understand the tradition as well as the transition of environmental history of India. The course will also help the students in shaping environmental concerns.

UNIT	TITLE	MARKS	CLASSES TO BE TAKEN LECTURE=32 TUTORIAL=16 T OTAL IN HRS= 48HRS
UNIT I	 A. Geographical Background Of Indian Subcontinent B. Meaning Concept And Emergence Of Environmental History As A Branch Of History C. Environment And Early Societies (Hunter Gatheres, Nomadic Pastoral, Settled Agriculture) 	5	2+1=3HRS
UNIT II	 A. Use Of Iron, Agricultural Expansion And Deforestation B. Forest And Pastoral Community Of Medieval Period C. Deforestation And Environmental Change In British Period : Commercial Exploitation Of Forest Products, Impact Of Railway 	5	2+1=3HRS
UNIT III	A. Environmental Movements : Chipko Movement , Narmada Bachao Andolan, Subansiri Dam Movement. B. Dames And Mines: Problems Of Displacement, Loss Of Livelihood And Problems Of Rehabilitation	5	2+1=3HRS
UNIT IV	A. Conservation And Preservation Of Environment Through The Ages: Customary Laws B. International Laws And Recent Developments	5	2+1=3HRS

Suggested Reading:

1. Nature's Economy: A History of Ecological Ideas by Donald Worster, Alfred W. Crosby

- 2. Visions of the Everglades: History Ecology Preservation : by Tommy Rodriguez
- 3. An Ecological History of India : Madhav Gadgil (Author), Ramachandra Guha (Author)
- 4. Agarwal, D.P: Man and Environment in India through the ages, 1992.
- 5. Arnold, D and Guha, R.: Nature, Culture, Imperialism: Essays on the Environmental History of South Asia
- 6. Bhattacharya, D.K.: Ecology and Social Formation in Ancient History, 1990.
- 7. Guha, Sumit,: Environment and Ethnicity in India 1200-1991,1999.
- 8. Guha, A.: Medieval and Early Colonial Assam: Society, polity Economy, 1991.
- 9. Guha, R.: The Unquiet woods, Ecological change and peasants Resistance in the Himalaya 1999.
- 10. Environmentalism, A Global, History, 2000.
- 11. Gadgil, M and R, Guha: The Fissured Land: An Ecological History of India, 1992.
- 12. Handique, R.: British Forest Policy, 20IV.
- 13. Mathur, S.M.: Physical Geology of India, 1986.
- 14. Mann, M: British Rule on Indian Soil- North India in the First Half of the Nineteenth Century, 2001
- 15. Martinez-Alies, J and Guha R.: Varieties of Environmentalism: Essays North and South, 1998.
- 16. Rangarajan, Mahesh: Environmental Issues in India, New Delhi, 2008
- 17. Sangwar, S.,: Nature and the Orient: The Environmental History of South and South-East Asia, 1998.
- 18. Saikia, A.J.: Jungles, Reserves, Wild Life, A History of Forest in Assam 2005.
- 19. Sinha, Rajiv Kumar: Geographical Factors in Early Indian Economy, 2000.
- 20. Skaria, Ajay.: Hybrid Histories: Forest, Frontiers and wildness in Western India, 2000.

SEMESTER- III- SKILL ENHENCHMENT COURSE-HISTORY

HIS-SEC-III- Introduction to Performing Arts and Culture of Assam

Learning Outcome: This paper mainly aims to acquainted the History students regarding the idea, concept and its importance and relevance with History. Moreover the historicity of Performing Arts in the context of Assam will help the students to understand Performing Arts and its contribution in the formation of rich cultural heritage of Assam. After completion of the course students will be able to understand its importance in practical life and as a new avenue of profession.

Lectures: 2 Tutorial: 1 (per week) Marks-50+25=75 Credit-3

UNIT
TITLE
M CLASSES TO BE
ARKS TAKEN
LECTURE=32
TUTORIAL=16

			TOTAL IN HRS= 48HR
UNIT-1	Meaning and Concept of Performing Arts Meaning and definition of Performing Art and Culture Performing Arts as a Discipline of Studies: Its Importance and Relevance	4	2+1= 3HRS
UNIT II	Performance Tradition of Assam; Origin and development of Classical school of Assam with special reference to Sattriya Dance, Music and Theatre.	2	2+1= 3HRS
UNIT III	Folk Tradition of Performing Arts Fundamental Introduction of Art Form : Putala Nach, Dhuliya Bhaona, Kushan Gan, Vari Gan, Ojapali, Deodhoni, Khulia Bhaona, Zikir and Zari, Boka Bhaona, Karam Puja, Kamrupi lokageet, Goalparia lokageet, Dhemali, Malita, Mukha Bhaona.	2	2+1= 3HRS
UNIT IV	Pioneers of Performance Tradition in Assam I. Sankaradeva And Madhavadev II. Jyoti Prasad Agarwalla III. Bishnu Prasad Rabha v. Dr. Bhupen Hazarika	2	2+1= 3HRS

Suggested Readings:

Sankaradeva and his Times: Early History of Vaisnava Faith in Assam by Maheswar Neog

Madhavadeva: His Life Art and Thought by Karabi Deka Hazarika

Sri Sri Sankaradeva by Maheswar Neog

Sri Sankaradev aaru Shri Madhavdev Sahitya Prakash, Guwhati Assam.

Madhavadeva: Sahitya, Kala Aru Darsan –

Asomiya Natiya Sahitya – Karabi Deka Hazarika

Asomiya Natiya Sahitya Jilingoni Satyandra Nath Sarmah

Sattriya Nritya Geet Badya Hatputhi Harish Ch. Bhattarcharjya –

Theatre of India Jagannath Mahanta

Swar Bidya Vigyan Nilima Barthakur Ananda Lal

Jyoti Prasadar Sristi aaru Chetona (ed.) Jyoti Prasad Saikia

Bhupen Hazarikar Geet aru Jibanrath Dilip Kumar Dutta

Asomiya Sahityar Buronji (2nd Vol.) Shivnath Burman, ABLAC Association, Guwahati

SEMESTER IV

HIS-CORE-V- HISTORY OF INDIA IV (c.1206 - 1550)

Lectures: 4, Tutorial : 1 (per week) Marks-80+20=100 Credit-4

Learning Outcome: After completion of this course students will be able to explain the political and administrative history of medieval period of India from 1206 to 1550 AD. Arrivals of the Turks and Mughal and their settlement in India during this period is always a fascinating story. They will also be able to analyse the sources of history, regional variations, social, cultural and economic set up of the period.

UNIT	TITLE	M	CLASSES TO
		ARKS	BE TAKEN
			LECTURE=60
			TUTORIAL=20
			TOTAL IN
			HRS= 60HR
UNIT I	Sources:	16	3+1=4 HRS
	(a) Persian tarikh tradition		
	(b) Foreigners' accounts; vernacular		
	literature.		
	(c) Epigraphy and numismatics.		
	(d) Architecture		
UNIT II	Polity:	16	3+1=4 HRS
	(a) Foundation, expansion and		
	consolidation of the Sultanate of		
	Delhi; Theories of kingship		
	(b) The Khaljis and the Tughluqs;		
	Mongol threat and Timur's invasion;		
	The Sayyids; The Lodis: Conquest of		
	Bahlul and Sikandar; Ibrahim Lodi and		
	the battle of Panipat		
	(c) Ruling elites; Sufis, ulema and the		
	political authority; imperial		
	monuments and coinage		
UNIT III	Society and Economy:	16	3+1=4 HRS
	(a) Iqta; revenue-free grants		

	 (b) Agricultural production; technology (c) Changes in rural society; revenue systems (d) Monetization; market regulations; growth of urban centers; trade and commerce; Indian Ocean trade 		
UNIT IV	Regional Polities: (a) Bahmani, Vijayanagar, (b) Gujarat, Malwa, Jaunpur, Assam and Bengal (c) Consolidation of regional identities: art, architecture and literature	16	3+1=4 HRS
UNIT V	Religion and Culture: (a) Sufi silsilas: Chishti and Suhrawardi; doctrines and practices; social roles; literature (b) Bhakti movements and monotheistic traditions in South and North India; Women Bhaktas; Nathpanthis; Kabir, Nanak and the Sant tradition	16	3+1=4 HRS

Readings:

- 1.Mohammad Habib and K.A. Nizami, eds, Comprehensive History of India, Vol. V. The Delhi Sultanate.
 - 2. Satish Chandra, Medieval India I.
 - 3. Peter Jackson, The Delhi Sultanate.
 - 4. Catherine Asher and Cynthia Talbot, India Before Europe.
 - 5. Tapan Raychaudhuri and Irfan Habib, eds, Cambridge Economic History of India, Vol. I. K.A.
 - 6.Nizami, Religion and Politics in the Thirteenth Century.
 - 7.W.H. McLeod, Karine Schomer, et al, Eds, The Sants. S.A.
 - 8.A. Rizvi, A History of Sufism in India, Vol. I.
 - 9. Mohibul Hasan, Historians of Medieval India.
 - 10. Chandra, Satish: Medieval India from Sultanat to the Mughals, Vols. I, II
 - 11. Tripathy, R. P.: Rise and fall of the Mughal Empire
 - 12. Majumdar, R.C. (ed): The History and Culture of the Indian People, Vols. VI
 - 13. Asraf, K.M :Life and Conditions of the People of Hindusthan
 - 14. Chitnis, K.N.: Socio- Economic History of Medieval India
 - 15. Habib, Irfan : Agrarian System of Mughal Empire
 - 16. Habib, M & Nizami : Comprehensive History of India, Vol. V

- 17. Mehta, J.L.: Advanced Study in History of Medieval India, Vol. I & II
- 18. Nizami, K.A.: Studies in Medieval Indian History and Culture
- 19. Rashid, A: Society and Culture in Medieval India
- 20. Rizvi, S.A.A.: The Wonder that was India, Part-I

HIS-CORE -VI- History of India V 1550-1605

Lectures: 4, Tutorial : 1 (per week) Marks-80+20=100 Credit-4

Learning Outcome: At the completion of this course, the students will be able to analyse the circumstances and historical shifts and foundations of a variety of administrative and political setup in India between c.1550-1605. They will also be able to describe the inter relationships between the economy, culture and religious practices of the period.

UNIT	TITLE	MARKS	CLASSES TO BE TAKEN LECTURE=60 TUTORIAL=20 TOTAL IN HRS= 60HR
UNIT I	Sources and Historiography: (a) Persian literature; translations; (b) Memoirs and travelogues; vernacular literature. (c) Epigraphy and numismatics. (d) Architecture.	6	3+1=4 HRS
UNIT	Establishment of Mughal rule: (a) India on the eve of Babur's invasion (b) Fire arms, military technology and warfare (c) Humayun's struggle for empire (d) Sher Shah: administrative and revenue reforms	6	3+1=4 HRS
UNIT	Consolidation of Mughal rule under Akbar: (a) Campaigns and conquests: tactics and technology. (b) Evolution of administrative institutions: zabt, mansab, jagir, madadi-maash. (c) Revolts and resistance. Page 15 of 37 (d) Religious tolerance and sulh-i-kul.	6	3+1=4 HRS
UNIT IV	Expansion and Integration:	6	3+1=4 HRS

	 (a) Inclusive political ideas: theory and practice; Incorporation of Rajputs and other indigenous groups in Mughal nobility (b) North-West frontier, Gujarat and the Deccan (c) Conquest of Bengal (d) Pressure from the ulema; Sufi mystical and intellectual interventions. 			
UNIT V	Rural Society and Economy: (a) Land rights and revenue system; Zamindars and peasants; rural tensions	6	HRS	3+1=4
	(b) Extension of agriculture; agricultural production; crop patterns(c) Trade routes and patterns of internal commerce; overseas trade; rise of Surat			

Further Readings:

- 1. Muzaffar Alam and Sanjay Subramanian, eds, The Mughal State, 1526 1750.
- 2. J.F. Richards, The Mughal Empire.
- 3. Satish Chandra, Essays on Medieval Indian History.
- 4. Irfan Habib, Agrarian System of Mughal India, 1526 1707.
- 5. Mohammad Habib and K.A. Nizami, eds, Comprehensive History of
- 6. India, Vol. V, The Delhi Sultanate.
- 7. Satish Chandra, Medieval India I.
- 8. Peter Jackson, The Delhi Sultanate.
- 9. Catherine Asher and Cynthia Talbot, India Before Europe.
- 10. Tapan Raychaudhuri and Irfan Habib, eds, Cambridge Economic
- 11. History of India, Vol. I.
- 12. K.A. Nizami, Religion and Politics in the Thirteenth Century.
- 13. W.H. McLeod, Karine Schomer, et al, Eds, The Sants.
- 14. S.A.A. Rizvi, A History of Sufism in India, Vol. I.
- 15. Mohibul Hasan, Historians of Medieval India

HIS-CORE-VII- Rise of Modern West-I

Lectures: 4, Tutorial : 1 (per week) Marks-80+20=100 Credit-4

Learning outcome: On completion of this course, the students will be able to explain the major trends and developments in the Western world between the 14th to the 16th century CE. They will be able to explore and analyse the significant historical shifts and events and the result and effects on the civilizations of Europe in the period

UNIT	TITLE	M ARKS	CLASSES TO BE TAKEN LECTURE=60 TUTORIAL=20 TOTAL IN HRS= 60HR
UNIT -I	Transition from feudalism (to capitalism): [a]concepts of feudalism; regional variations [b]The Crisis of Feudalism [c]Economic Crisis: commercial decline, decay of towns and epidemics [d] The transition debate: Maurice Dobb and Paul Sweezy; Marc Bloch, Georges Duby; the Brenner Debate	16	3+1=4 HRS
UNIT II	Geographical explorations and early colonial expansion: [a] Factors and motives behind voyages and explorations [b] the conquests of the Americas: [c] beginning of the era of colonization; [d] mining and plantation; the African slaves.	16	3+1=4 HRS
UNIT	Renaissance: [a]Origins and impact [b]Humanism in Renaissance [c]Re-discovery of Classics [d]Italian influence on Art, Architecture, Culture, Education and Polity; Northern Humanism	16	3+1=4 HRS
UNIT IV	Reformation in the 16th century: Origin and impact [a] Martin Luther, John Calvin, Zwingli [b]The Radical Reformation: Anabaptists, Huguenots [c] English Reformation and the state [d] Counter Revolution	16	3+1=4 HRS

UNIT V	Economic developments of the	16	3+1=4 HRS
	sixteenth century:		
	[a]. Shift of economic balance from		
	the Mediterranean to the Atlantic		
	[b].Agricultural revolution, Enclosure		
	movement; Commercial Revolution;		
	[c]. Influx of American silver and the		
	Price Revolution.		

Further Readings:

T.S. Aston and C. H. E. Philpin (eds.), *The Brenner Debate: Agrarian Class structure and*

Economic Development in Pre-industrial Europe, Cambridge University Press. 2005

H. Butterfield, *The Origins of Modern Science*.

Carlo M. Cipolla, Fontana Economic History of Europe, Vols. II and

III. Carlo M. Cipolla, *Before the Industrial Revolution, European Society and Economy.* 1000

-1700. 3rd ed. (1993)

D. C. Coleman (ed.), Revisions in Mercantilism.

Ralph Davis, *The Rise of the Atlantic Economics*.

Maurice Dobb, Studies in the Development of Capitalism.

J. R. Hale, Renaissance Europe.

R. Hall, From Galileo to Newton.

Christopher Hill, A Century of Revolutions.

Rodney Hilton, Transition from Feudalism to Capitalism.

H. G. Koenigsberger and G. L. Mosse, Europe in the Sixteenth Century.

Stephen J. Lee, Aspects of European History, 1494 - 1789.

G. Parker, Europe in Crisis. 1598-1648.

G. Parker and L. M. Smith, General Crisis of the Seventeenth Century.

J. H. Parry, The Age of Reconnaissance.

Meenaxi Phukan, Rise of the Modern West: Social and Economic History of Early Modern

Europe.

V. Poliensiky, War and Society in Europe, 1618 - 48.

Theodore K. Rabb, *The Struggle for Stability in Early Modern Europe*.

V. Scammell, The First Imperial Age: European Overseas Expansion, 1400 -

1715.

Jan de Vries, Economy of Europe in an Age of Crisis 1600 û 1750.

M. S. Anderson, Europe in the Eighteenth Century.

Perry Anderson, The Lineages of the Absolutist State.

Stuart Andrews, Eighteenth Century Europe.

B. H. Slicher von Bath, The Agrarian History of Western Europe. AD.500 - 1850.

The Cambridge Economic History of Europe. Vol. I - VI.

James B. Collins, *The State in Early Modern France: New Approaches to European History*.

G. R. Elton, Reformation Europe, 1517 û 1559.

M. P. Gilmore, The World of Humanism. 1453 -1517.

Peter Kriedte, Peasants, Landlords and Merchant Capitalists.

J. Lynch, Spain under the Hapsburgs.

Peter Mathias, First Industrial revolution.

Harry Miskimin, The Economy of Later Renaissance Europe: 1460 -1600.

Charles A. Nauert, *Humanism and the Culture of the Renaissance*(1996).

The New Cambridge Modern History of Europe, Vols. I -VII.

L. W. Owie, Seventeenth Century Europe.

D. H. Pennington, Seventeenth Century Europe.

F. Rice, The Foundations of Early Modern Europe.

HISTORY-MINOR: IV HISTORY OF ASSAM (UPTO c. 1228)

Lectures: 5

Tutorial : 1 (per week) Marks= 80+20=100

Credit- 4

Learning Outcome: This paper will give a general outline of the history of Assam from the earliest times to the advent of the Ahoms in the 13th century. Upon completion, students will be acquainted with major stages of developments in the political, social and cultural history of Assam during the early times.

UNIT	TITLE	MARKS	CLASSES TO BE
			TAKEN
			LECTURE=60
			TUTORIAL=20
			TOTAL IN HRS=
			60HRS
UNIT-	[a] A brief survey of the sources: Literary,		3+1
1	Archaeological	6	=4 hrs
	[b] Land and people: Migration routes		
	[c] Cultural linkages with South East Asia		
	: the Stone Jars of Dima Hasao		
UNIT	[a] Origin and antiquity of Pragjyotisha or		3+1
II	Kamrupa Society	6	=4 hrs
	[b] Traditional rulers and early History		
	[c] Religion and belief systems		
UNIT	Political dynasties:		3+1
III	[a] Varmana	6	=4 hrs
	[b] Salastambha		

	[c] Pala		
UNIT	[a] Political condition of Assam in the		3+1
IV	Post-Pala period.	6	=4 hrs
	[b] Turko-Afghan invasions		
	[c] Disintegration of the Kingdom of		
	Kamarupa		
UNIT	[a] Central and Provincial administration		3+1
V	[b] Judicial administration	6	=4 hrs
	[c] Revenue administration		
	[d] Cultural Life: Literature, Art and		
	architecture		

Further Readings

- 1. S.L. Baruah: A Comprehensive History of Assam, Munshiram Monoharlal Publishers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1985
- 2. H. K. Barpujari: The Comprehensive History of Assam Vol. I
- 3. E. A.Gait: A History of Assam Page 25 of 37
- 4. K. L. Baruah : Early History of Kamrupa
- 5. P. C. Choudhury: The History Civilization of the People of Assam

SEMESTER V

HIS-CORE - VIII- HISTORY OF INDIA VI(c. 1605 - 1750)

Lectures: 5

Tutorial : 1 (per week)Marks= 80+20=100

Credit- 4

Learning Outcome: After the completion of this course, the students will be able to explain and reconstruct the linkages of the history of India under the Mughal Rule. As a whole, this course will enable them to relate to the socio-economic and religious orientation of the people of Medieval period in India.

Unit	Title	Marks	CLASSES TO
			BE TAKEN
			LECTURE-60
			TUTORIAL=20
			TOTAL
			INHRS-60 HRS

Unit I	Political Culture under Jahangir and Shah Jahan: [a] Extension of Mughal rule; changes in mansab and jagir systems; imperial culture. [b] Syncreticism of Jahangir, Shah Jahan and Dara Sukoh [c] Architecture and Paintings	16	3+1=4 hrs
Unit II	Mughal Empire under Aurangzeb: (a) State and religion under Aurangzeb; issues in the war of succession; policies regarding religious groups and institutions (b) Conquests and limits of expansion (c) Beginning of the crisis: contemporary perceptions; agrarian and jagir crises; revolts	16	3+1=4 hrs
Unit III	Patterns of Regional Politics: (a) Rajput political culture and state formation. (b) Deccan kingdoms. (c) Emergence of the Marathas; Shivaji; expansion under the Peshwas.	16	3+1=4 hrs
Unit IV	Trade and Commerce: (a) Crafts and technologies; Monetary system (b) Markets; transportation; urban centres (c) Indian Ocean trade network	16	3+1=4 hrs
Unit V	18th century India (a) Mughal decline. (b) Emergence of successor states. (c) The eighteenth century debate.	16	3+1=4 hrs

Further Readings:

- 1. M. Athar Ali, The Mughal Nobility under Aurangzeb.
- 2. P.J. Marshall (ed.), The Eighteenth Century
- 3. Seema Alavi (ed.) The Eighteenth Century in India
- 4. Muzaffar Alam and Sanjay Subramanian, eds, The Mughal State, 1526 1750.
- 5. J.F. Richards, The Mughal Empire.
- 6. Satish Chandra, Essays on Medieval Indian History.
- 7. Irfan Habib, Agrarian System of Mughal India, 1526 û 1707.
- 8. Ashin Dasgupta, Indian Merchants and the Decline of Surat, 1700 -1750.
- 9. Stewart Gordon, The Marathas 1600 1818.
- 10. Ebba Koch, Mughal Art and Imperial Ideology.
- 11. S.A.A. Rizvi, Muslim Revivalist Movements in Northern India.
- 12. K. R. Qanungo, Dara Shikoh. S. Nurul Hasan, Religion, State, and Society in Medieval India.

- 13. S. Arsaratnam, Maritime India in the Seventeenth Century.
- 14. Muzaffar Alam, The Crisis of Empire in Mughal North India.
- 15. Catherine Asher, Architecture of Mughal India.
- 16. Milo Beach, Mughal and Rajput Paintings.
- 17. Satish Chandra, Parties and Politics at the Mughal Court.
- 18. Andre Wink, Land and Sovereignty in India.
- 19. Harbans Mukhia, The Mughals of India.
- 20. J.F. Richards, Mughal Administration in Golconda.
- 21. Z.U. Malik, The Reign of Muhammad Shah.
- 22. Iqbal Husain, Ruhela Cheiftancies in 18th Century Indi

HIS-CORE-IX History of Assam (c. 1228 –1826)

Lectures: 5

Tutorial: 1 (per week)

Credit-4

Marks= 80+20=100

Learning Outcome: On completion of this paper, students will be able to identify major stages of developments in the political, social and cultural history of Assam during the medieval times. This paper will help the student to explain the history of Assam from the 13th century to the occupation of Assam by the English East India Company in the first quarter of the 19th century.

Unit	Title	Marks	CLASSES TO BE TAKEN LECTURE-60 TUTORIAL=20 TOTAL INHRS-60 HRS
Unit I	A.Sources- archaeological, epigraphic, literary, numismatic and accounts of the foreign travelers; Buranjis B.Siu-ka-pha - His contribution and emergence of the Idea of ASSAM. C.Political condition and State formation in the Brahmaputra valley-the Chutiya, Kachari and the Koch state	16	3+1=4 hrs
Unit II	The Ahoms: A.Policy of expansion and consolidation. B.Suhungmung, Pratapsingha, Jaydhawaj Singha, Chakradhwaj Singh. C.Gadadhar Singha, Rudra Singha, Rajeswar Singha	16	3+1=4 hrs

Unit III	A.Rise of the Koch kingdom(Naranaryan and Bir Chilaray) B. Dimasa-Kachari Kingdom(Dimapur, Maibong- Khaspur)	16	3+1=4 hrs
Unit IV	A.Ahom- Mughal Relation (Treaty of 1639, Mir Jumla's Invasion and Battle of Saraighat, 1671) B.Relation with neighbouring Kingdom -Koch, Dimasa, Chutiya, Darrang, Rani, Manipur, Aka, Dafala etc. C.Decline and fall of the Ahom Kingdom the Moamariya Rebellion and the D. Burmese Invasions- The English East India Company in Assam Politics E. Treaty of Yandaboo and Assam	16	3+1=4 hrs
Unit V	A.Ahom system of administration: the Paik system B.Ahom Policy towards the neighbouring hill tribes C. Religious life —Sankaradeva and the Neo Vaishnavite Movement- background and implications D.Cultural developments: Art, Architecture and literature.	16	3+1=4 hrs

Further Readings:

- 1. Barpujari, H.K.: The Comprehensive History of Assam, Vol II and III, Publication Board, Assam.
- 2. Baruah,S.L.:A Comprehensive History of Assam, MunshiramMonoharlalPublishers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1985.
- 3. A.K Dutta. :Maniram Dewan and the Contemporary Assamese Society, Jorhat, 1991.
- 4. Gait E.A.: A History of Assam, 2ndedition, LBS Publication, Guwahati, 1962.
- 5. Guha, A.: Medieval and Early Colonial Assam, Calcutta, 1991.
- 6. Neog, M., Sankardeva and his Time

HIS-CORE-X RISE OF THE MODERN WEST – II

Lectures: 5

Tutorial : 1 (per week) Marks= 80+20=100

Credit-4

Lectures : 5; Tutorial : 1 (per week)

Learning Outcome: After the completion of this course, the student will be able to explain the political and intellectual currents in Europe in the Modern Age. They will also be able to relate the circumstances and causal factors of the intellectual and revolutionary currents of both Europe and America at the beginning of the Modern age.

Unit	Title	Marks	CLASSES TO
Unit	Tiue	Marks	BE TAKEN
			LECTURE-60
			TUTORIAL=20
			TOTAL
			INHRS-60 HRS
Unit	Europe in the 17th Century:	16	3+1=4
I	(a) Formation of nation-states : Spain; France;		
	England; Russia		
	(b) The 17th century crisis: economic, social and		
	political dimensions.		
Unit	The English Revolution:	16	3+1=4
II	(a) Major issues.		
	(b) Political and intellectual currents.		
Unit	European Economy:	16	3+1=4
III	(a) Development of science: Renaissance to the		
	17th century.		
	(b) Concepts of Mercantilism and Imperialism.		
	(c) Mercantilism in the 17th and 18th centuries.		
Unit	Politics in the 18th century:	16	3+1=4
IV	(a) Parliamentary monarchy; patterns of		
	Absolutism in Europe.		
	(b) American Revolution : Political and economic		
	issues.		
Unit	Prelude to the Industrial Revolution.	16	3+1=4
v	(a) Money economy		
	(b) The Putting Out system		

Readings:

T.S. Aston and C.H.E. Philpin (eds.), *The Brenner Debate*.

H. Butterfield, The Origins of Modern Science. 16

Carlo M. Cipolla, Fontana Economic History of Europe, Vols. II and

 $III. Carlo\ M.\ Cipolla,\ Before\ the\ Industrial\ Revolution,\ European$

Society and Economy, 1000 -1700. 3rd ed. (1993)

. D.C. Coleman (ed.), Revisions in Mercantilism.

Ralph Davis, *The Rise of the Atlantic Economics*.

Maurice Dobb, Studies in the Development of Capitalism.

J.R. Hale, Renaissance Europe.

R. Hall, From Galileo to Newton.

Christopher Hill, A Century of Revolutions.

Rodney Hilton, Transition from Feudalism to Capitalism.

H.G. Koenigsberger and G.L. Mosse, Europe in the Sixteenth Century.

Stephen J. Lee, Aspects of European History, 1494 - 1789.

G. Parker, Europe in Crisis, 1598 - 1648.

G. Parker and L.M. Smith, General Crisis of the Seventeenth Century.

Page 13 of 37J.H. Parry, The Age of Reconnaissance.

Meenaxi Phukan, Rise of the Modern West: Social and Economic History of Early Modern

Europe.

V. Poliensiky, War and Society in Europe. 1618 -48.

Theodore K. Rabb, The Struggle for Stability in Early Modern Europe.

V. Scammell, The First Imperial Age: European Overseas Expansion, 1400-1715.

Jan de Vries, Economy of Europe in an Age of Crisis 1600 û 1750.

M. S. Anderson, Europe in the Eighteenth Century.

Perry Anderson, The Lineages of the Absolutist State.

Stuart Andrews, Eighteenth Century Europe.

B. H. Slicher von Bath, The Agrarian History of Western Europe. AD. 500 - 1850.

The Cambridge Economic History of Europe. Vol. I - VI.

James B. Collins, *The State in Early Modern France, New Approaches to European History.*

G. R. Elton, Reformation Europe, 1517 û 1559.

M. P. Gilmore, The World of Humanism. 1453 û-1517.

Peter Kriedte, Peasants, Landlords and Merchant Capitalists.

J. Lynch, Spain under the Hapsburgs.

Peter Mathias, First Industrial revolution.

Harry Miskimin, The Economy of Later Renaissance Europe: 1460 1600.

Charles A. Nauert, Humanism and the Culture of the Renaissance (1996).

The New Cambridge Modern History of Europe, Vols. I - VII.

L. W. Owie, Seventeenth Century Europe.

D. H. Pennington, Seventeenth Century Europe.

F. Rice, *The Foundations of Early Modern Europ*

HIS-CORE-XI- History of Modern Europe- I (c. 1780-1939)

Lectures: 5

Tutorial : 1 (per week) Marks= 80+20=100

Credit-4

Lectures: 5; Tutorial: 1 (per week)

Learning Outcome: After the completion of this course the students will be able to evaluate the historical evolution and political developments that occurred in Europe in the period between 1780 to 1939. They will also be also to critically analyse the evolution of social classes, nation states, evolution of capitalism and nationalist sentiment in

Europe. They will also be able to relate to the variety of causes that dragged the world into devastating wars in the intervening period.

Unit	Title	Marks	CLASSES TO BE TAKEN LECTURE-60 TUTORIAL=20 TOTAL INHRS- 60 HRS
Unit	The French Revolution and its Furanean	16	3+1=4 hrs
I	The French Revolution and its European repercussions: [a] Crisis of ancien regime[b] Intellectual currents. [c] Social classes and emerging gender relations. [d] Phases of the French Revolution 1789 - 99. [e] Art and Culture of French Revolution. [f] Napoleonic consolidation - reform and	16	3+1=4 nrs
T 7 •	empire.	4.6	
Unit II	Restoration and Revolution: c. 1815 - 1848: [a] Forces of conservatism & restoration of old hierarchies. [b] Social, Political and intellectual currents. [c] Revolutionary and Radical movements, 1830 - 1848.	16	3+1=4 hrs
Unit	Capitalist Industrialization	16	3+1=4 hrs
III	[a] Process of capitalist development in industry and agriculture: case Studies of Britain, France, the German States and Russia.		
Unit	Social and Economic Transformation (Late	16	3+1=4 hrs
IV	18th century to c. 1914) [a] Evolution and Differentiation of social classes: Bourgeoisie, Proletariat, land owning classes and peasantry. [b] Changing trends in demography and urban patterns. [c] Family, gender and process of industrialization.		
Unit	Varieties of Nationalism and the Remaking	16	3+1=4 hrs
V	of States in the 19th and 20th Centuries. [a] Intellectual currents, popular movements and the formation of National identities in Germany, Italy, Ireland and the Balkans.		

[b] Specificities of economic development,	
political and administrative Reorganization -	
Italy; Germany.	

Gerald Brennan: The Spanish Labyrinth: An Account of the Social and Political Background

of the Civil War.

C.M. Cipolla: Fontana Economic History of Europe, Volume III: The Industrial Revolution.

Norman Davies, Europe.

J. Evans: The Foundations of a Modern State in 19th Century Europe.

T.S. Hamerow: Restoration, Revolution and Reaction: Economics and Politics in Germany

[1815 - 1871].

E.J. Hobsbawn: The Age of Revolution.

Lynn Hunt: Politics, Culture and Class in the French Revolution.

James Joll, Europe Since 1870.

David Landes: Prometheus Unbound.

George Lefebvre, Coming of the French Revolution.

George Lichtheim: A Short History of Socialism.

Peter Mathias, First Industrial Revolution.

Alec Nove: An Economic History of the USSR.

Andrew Porter, European Imperialism, 18760 û 1914 (1994).

Anthony Wood, *History of Europe*, 1815 û 1960 (1983).

Stuart Woolf: *History of Italy, 1700 û 1860.*

G. Barraclough, An Introduction to Contemporary History.

Fernand Braudel, History and the Social Science in M. Aymard and

Page 17 of 37H. Mukhia Ed. French Studies in History, Vol. I (1989).

Maurice Dobb: Soviet Economic Development Since 1917.

M. Perrot and G. Duby [eds.]: A History of Women in the West, Volumes 4 and 5.

H.J. Hanham; Nineteenth Century Constitution, 1815 - 1914.

E.J. Hobsbawm, Nations and Nationalism.

Charles and Barbara Jelavich: *Establishment of the Balkan National States*, 1840 û 1920.

James Joll, Origins of the First World war (1989).

Jaon B. Landes: Women and the Public Sphere in the Age of the French Revolution.

David lowenthal, The Past is a Foreign Country.

Colin Licas: The French Revolution and the Making of Modern Political Culture, Volume

Nicholas Mansergh: The Irish Question, 1840 û 1921.

K.O. Morgan: Oxford Illustrated History of Britain, Volume 3 [1789 -1983].

R.P. Morgan: German Social Democracy and the First International.

N.V. Riasanovsky: A History of Russia.

J.M. Robert, Europe 1880 û 1985.

J.J. Roth (ed.), World War I: A Turning Point in Modern Histry.

Albert Soboul: *History of the French Revolution (in two volumes)*.

Lawrence Stone, *History and the Social Sciences in the Twentieth Century The Past and the*

Present (1981).

Dorothy Thompson: Chartists: Popular Politics in the Industrial Revolution.

E.P. Thompson: *Making of the English Working Class*. Michel Vovelle, *fall of the French Monarchy (1984)*.

H. Seton Watson: *The Russian Empire*. Raymond Williams: *Culture and Society*

HIS-MINOR-V History of Assam (c. 1228 –1826)

Lectures: 5

Tutorial : 1 (per week)Marks= 80+20=100

Credit- 4

Learning Outcome: On completion of this paper, students will be able to identify major stages of developments in the political, social and cultural history of Assam during the medieval times. This paper will enable the student to explain the history of Assam from the 13th century to the occupation of Assam by the English East India Company in the first quarter of the 19th century.

Unit	Title	Marks	CLASSES TO BE TAKEN LECTURE-60 TUTORIAL=20 TOTAL INHRS-60
			HRS
Unit I		16	3+1=4 hrs
	A.Sources- archaeological, epigraphic,		
	literary, numismatic and accounts of the		
	foreign travelers; Buranjis		
	B.Siu-ka-pha - His contribution and		
	emergence of the Idea of ASSAM.		
	C.Political condition and State formation in		
	the Brahmaputra valley-the Chutiya, Kachari		
	and the Koch state		
Unit II	The Ahoms:	16	3+1=4 hrs
	A.Policy of expansion and consolidation.		
	B.Suhungmung, Pratapsingha, Jaydhawaj		
	Singha,		
	C.Gadadhar Singha, Rudra Singha, Rajeswar		
	Singha		

Unit III	A.Rise of the Koch kingdom(Naranaryan and	16	3+1=4 hrs
	Bir Chilaray) B. Dimasa-Kachari Kingdom(Dimapur,		
	Maibong, Khaspur)		
Unit IV	A.Ahom- Mughal Relation (Treaty of 1639,	16	3+1=4 hrs
	Mir Jumla's Invasion and Battle of Saraighat)		
	B.Relation with neighbouring Kingdom (
	C. Decline and fall of the Ahom Kingdom the		
	Moamariya Rebellion and the		
	D. Burmese Invasions- The English East India		
	Company in Assam Politics		
	E. Treaty of Yandaboo and Assam		
Unit V	A.Ahom system of administration: the Paik	16	3+1=4 hrs
	system		
	B.Ahom Policy towards the neighbouring hill		
	tribes		
	C. Religious life —Sankaradeva and the Neo		
	Vaishnavite Movement- background and		
	implications		
	D.Cultural developments : Art, Architecture		
	and literature.		

Further Readings:

Barpujari, H.K.: The Comprehensive History of Assam, Vol II and III, Publication Board, Assam. Baruah,

S. L. :A Comprehensive istory of Assam, MunshiramMonoharlalPublishers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1985

Dutta, A.K. :Maniram Dewan and the Contemporary Assamese Society, Jorhat,1991.

Gait E.A.: A History of Assam, 2ndedition, LBS Publication, Guwahati, 1962.

Guha, A.: Medieval and Early Colonial Assam, Calcutta, 1991.

Neog, M., Sankareva and his Time

SEMESTER-VI

HIS-CORE-XII- HISTORY OF MODERN EUROPE II (c. 1780 -1939)

Lectures: 5

Tutorial: 1 (per week) Marks= 80+20=100

Credit-4

Lectures : 5; Tutorial : 1 (per week)

Learning Outcome: After the completion of this course, the students will be able to analyse the historical developments in Europe between c.1780 to 1939. As the course

structure of this paper focuses on the democratic and socialist foundations modern Europe, the students will be able to situate the historical development of working class movements, socialist upsurge and the economic forces of the two wars and the other ideological shifts of Europe in the period.

Unit	Title	Marks	Classes to
Unit I	Liberal Demography Working Class Meyoments	16	be Taken 3+1=4
Omt 1	Liberal Democracy, Working Class Movements and Socialism in the 19th and 20th Centuries:	10	3+1=4
	[a] The struggle for parliamentary democracy and		
	civil liberties in Britain.		
	[b] Forms of protest during early capitalism: food		
	riots in France and England: Luddites and		
	Chartism.		
	[c] Early socialist thought; Marxian Socialism and		
	the First and the Second International.		
	[d] German Social Democracy, Politics and		
	Culture.		
	[e] Christian Democracy as a political and		
	ideological force in western and central Europe		
Unit II	The Crisis of Feudalism in Russia and	16	3+1=4
	Experiments in Socialism:		
	[a] Emancipation of serfs.		
	[b] Russian Populism and Social Democracy.		
	[c] Revolutions of 1905; the Bolshevik Revolution		
	of 1917.		
	[d] Programme of Socialist Construction.	4.5	
Unit III	Imperialism, War, and Crisis: c. 1880 -1919:	16	3+1=4
	[a] Theories and mechanisms of imperialism;		
	[b] growth of Militarism; Power blocks and		
	alliances: expansion of European empires - War		
Unit IV	of 1914 - 1918	1.0	3+1=4
Unitiv	The post 1919 World Order [a] Economic crises, the Great Depression and	16	3+1=4
	Recovery.		
	[b] Rise of Fascism and Nazism.		
	[c] The Spanish Civil War.		
	[d] Origins of the Second World War.		
Unit v	Cultural and Intellectual Developments since	16	3+1=4
	circa 1850:		311-4
	[a] Changing contexts: [i] Notions of Culture [ii]		
	Creation of a New public sphere and mass		
	media [iii] Mass education and extension of		
	literacy.		
	[b] Creation of new cultural forms: from		
	Romanticism to Abstract Art.		

[c] Major intellectual trends: [i]	
Institutionalization of disciplines history,	
Sociology and	
Anthropology. [ii] Darwin and Freud.	
[d] Culture and the making of ideologies:	
Constructions of Race, Class and Gender,	
ideologies of Empire.	

Gerald Brennan: The Spanish Labyrinth: An Account of the Social and Political Background

of the Civil War

C.M. Cipolla: Fontana Economic History of Europe, Volume II the Present (1981).

I : The Industrial Revolution.

Norman Davies, Europe.

J. Evans: The Foundations of a Modern State in 19th Century Europe.

T.S. Hamerow: Restoration, Revolution and Reaction: Economics and Politics in Germany [1815 - 1871].

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James Joll, Europe Since 1870.

David Landes: Prometheus Unbound.

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Peter Mathias, First Industrial Revolution.

Alec Nove: An Economic History of the USSR.

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Page 22 of 37Antbony Wood, *History of Europe*, 1815 û 1960 (1983).

Stuart Woolf: History of Italy, 1700 - 1860.

G. Barraclough, An Introduction to Contemporary History.

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H. Mukhia eds. French Studies in History, Vol. I (1989).

Maurice Dobb: Soviet Economic Development Since 1917.

M. Perrot and G. Duby [eds.]: A History of Women in the West, Volumes 4 and 5.

H.J. Hanham; Nineteenth Century Constitution, 1815 û 1914.

E.J. Hobsbawm, Nations and Nationalism.

Charles and Barbara Jelavich: *Establishment of the Balkan National States*, 1840 û 1920.

James Joll, Origins of the First World war (1989).

Jaon B. Landes: Women and the Public Sphere in the Age of the

French Revolution.

David lowenthal, The Past is a Foreign Country.

Colin Licas: *The French Revolution and the Making of Modern Political Culture, Volume 2.*

Nicholas Mansergh: The Irish Question, 1840 - 1921.

K.O. Morgan: Oxford Illustrated History of Britain, Volume 3 [1789 -1983].

R.P. Morgan: German Social Democracy and the First International.

N.V. Riasanovsky: A History of Russia.

J.M. Robert, Europe 1880 - 1985.

J.J. Roth (ed.), World War I: A Turning Point in Modern History.

Albert Soboul: *History of the French Revolution (in two volumes).*

Lawrence Stone, History and the Social Sciences in the Twentieth Century, The Past and the

Present (1981).

Dorothy Thompson: Chartists: Popular Politics in the Industrial Revolution.

E.P. Thompson: *Making of the English Working Class*.

Michel Vovelle, fall of the French Monarchy (1984).

H. Seton Watson: *The Russian Empire*. Raymond Williams: *Culture and Society*.

HIS-CORE-XIII- India's Resistance against Colonial Penetration (c. 1750 - 1857)

Lectures: 5

Tutorial : 1 (per week)Marks= 80+20=100

Credit-4

Learning Outcome: After the completion of this course, the students will be able to relate the circumstances leading to the consolidation of colonial rule over India and their consequences. They will also be able to explain the orientation of the indigenous population and the masses towards resistance to the colonial exploitation. The course will also enable the students to analyse popular uprisings among the tribal, peasant and common people against the British policies.

Unit	Title	Marks	Classes to be Taken
Unit I	Penetration of colonial forces in India: A.European trading companies in India: Portuguese, Dutch, English and French B.Mercantilism, foreign trade and early forms of exaction.	16	3+1=4 hrs
Unit II	Expansion and Consolidation:	16	3+1=4 hrs
	A.Tools of Expansion: War, Doctrine of Lapse		
	and Subsidiary Alliance.		
	B. Bengal, Mysore, Western India, Awadh,		
	Punjab, and Sindh.		
Unit III	Peolple's Resistance:	16	3+1=4 hrs

	A.Santhal uprising		
	B.Mapilla uprising		
	C.Uprising of 1857		
Unit IV	The Colonial policies:	16	3+1=4 hrs
	A.Revenue Policy		
	B.Industrial policy(De-Industrializtion)		
	C.Forest Policy		
	D.Trade and fiscal policy.		
Unit V.	Consequences of Company's rule in India:	16	3+1=4 hrs
	A.Commercialization of Agriculture		
	B.Drain of wealth		
	C.Urbanization		
	D.Western Education		
	E.Communication and Press,		

- 1. C. A. Bayly, Indian Society and the Making of the British Empire, : New Cambridge History of India.
- 2. Bipan Chandra, Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India.
- 3. Suhash Chakravarty, The Raj Syndrome: A Study in Imperial Perceptions, 1989.
- 4. J.S. Grewal, The Sikhs of the Punjab, New Cambridge History of India
- 5. Ranajit Guha, ed., A Subaltern Studies Reader.
- 6. Dharma Kumar and Tapan Raychaudhuri, eds., The Cambridge Economic History of India, Vol. II.
- 7. P.J. Marshall, Bengal: The British Bridgehead, New Cambridge History of India.
- 8. R.C. Majumdar, ed., History and Culture of Indian People, Vols. IX and X. British Paramountcy and Indian Renaissance.
- 9. Rajat K. Ray, ed., Entrepreneurship and Industry in India, 1800- 1947, Oxford In India Readings. Eric Stokes, English Utilitarians and India.
- 10. Amiya Bagchi, Private Investment in India.
- 11. Bipan Chandra, K.N. Panikkar, Mridula Mukherjee, Sucheta Mahajan and Aditya Mukherjee, India's Struggles for Independence.
- 12. A.R. Desai, Peasant Struggles in India. R.P. Dutt, India today.
- 13. M.J. Fisher, ed., Politics of Annexation (Oxford in India Readings).
- 14. Ranajit Guha, Elementary Aspects of Peasant Insurgency in Colonial India (1983).
- 15. P.C. Joshi, Rebellion 1857: A Symposium.
- 16. J.Krishnamurti, Women in Colonial India.
- 17. Dadabhai Naroji, Poverty and Un-British Rule in India.

HIS-CORE-XIV- INDIA'S STRUGGLE FOR FREEDOM (1857-1947)

Lectures: 5

Tutorial: 1 (per week)

80+20=100

Credit-4

Learning Outcome: At the completion of this course, the learners will be able to analyse the course of British colonial exploitation, the social mobilizations during the period between c.1857 to 1950 and also the techniques of Indian resistance to British policies. It will also enable the students to explain the circumstances leading to decolonization and also the initial period of nation building in India.

Marks=

Unit	Title	Marks	Classes Taken	to	be
Unit I	Cultural changes and Socio-Religious Reform movements: [a] The advent of printing and its implications [b] Reform and Revival: Brahmo Samaj, Prarthna Samaj, and Ramakrishna and Vivekananda, Arya Samaj, Wahabi, Deoband, Aligarh and Singh Sabha Movements. [c] Debates around gender [d] Making of religious and linguistic identities [e] Caste: sanskritising and anti Brahmanical trends	16	3+1=4		
Unit II	Nationalism: Trends up to 1919: [a] Political ideology and organizations, formation of INC [b] Moderates and extremists. [c] Swadeshi movement [d] Revolutionaries	16	3+1=4		
Unit III	Gandhian nationalism after 1919: Ideas and Movements: [a] Mahatma Gandhi: his Perspectives and Methods [b] (i) Impact of the First World War (ii) Rowlatt Satyagraha and Jallianwala Bagh (iii) Non- Cooperative and Civil Disobedience (iv) Provincial Autonomy, Quit India and INA [c] Left wing movements [d] Princely India: States people movements [e] Nationalism and Culture: literature and art	16	3+1=4		
Unit IV	Nationalism and Social Groups: [a] Landlords; Peasants [b] Middle Classes [c] Tribal [d] Labour	16	3+1=4		

	[e] Dalits		
	[f] Women		
	[g] Business groups		
Unit	Communalism and Partition:	16	3+1=4
V	[a] Ideologies and practices: RSS, Hindu Maha		
	Sabha, Muslim League.		
	[b] Negotiations for independence, and partition		
	[c] Partition riots;		
	[d] Emergence of a New State: Integration of		
	princely states, Making of the Constitution.		

Further Readings:

- 1. Judith Brown, Gandhi's rise to Power, 1915-22.
- 2. Paul Brass, The Politics of India Since Independence, OUP, 1990.
- 3. Bipan Chandra, Nationalism and Colonialism in Modern India, 1979.
- 4. Bipan Chandra, Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India.
- 5. Mohandas K. Gandhi, An Autobiography or The Story of My Experiments with Truth.
- 6. Ranajit Guha, ed., A Subaltern Studies Reader.
- 7. Peter Hardy, Muslims of British India.
- 8. Mushirul Hasan, ed., India's Partition, Oxford in India Readings.
- 9. D.A. Low, ed., Congress and the Raj. John R. McLane, Indian Nationalism and the Early Congress. Jawaharlal Nehru, An Autobiography.
- 10. Gyanendra Pandey, The Construction of Communalism in colonial north India.
- 11. Sumit Sarkar, Modern India, 1885-1947.
- 12. Anil Seal, Emergence of Indian Nationalism.
- 13. Ram Lakhan Shukla (ed.), Adhunik Bharat ka Itihas. Eleanor Zelliot, From Untouchable to Dalit: Essays on the Ambedkar Movement.
- 14. Judith Brown, Gandhi: (et al) A Prisoner of Hope.
- 15. Bipan Chandra, Communalism in Modern India, 2nd ed., 1987.
- 16. Bipan Chandra, K.N. Panikkar, Mridula Mukherjee, Sucheta Mahajan and Aditya Mukherjee, India's, Struggles for Independence.
- 17. A.R. Desai, Social Background of Indian Nationalism.
- 18. A.R. Desai, Peasant Struggles in India.
- 19. Francine Frankel, India's Political Economy, 1947-77.
- 20. Ranajit Guha, and G.C. Spivak, eds. Select Subaltern Studies. Charles Heimsath, Indian Nationalism and Hindu Social Reform.
- 21. F. Hutchins, Illusion of Permanence. F. Hutchins, Spontaneous Revolution.
- 22. V.C. Joshi (ed.), Rammohan Roy and the process of Modernization in India. J.Krishnamurti, Women in Colonial India.

HIS-CORE-XV- History of Assam (c. 1826 – 1947)

Lectures: 5

Tutorial : 1 (per week) Marks= 80+20=100

Credit- 4

Learning Outcome: Upon completion of this course, students will be able to describe the period of British rule in Assam after its annexation by the imperialist forces. They will also be able to situate the development of nationalism in Assam and its role in India's freedom struggle. The course would enable the students to analyse the main currents of the political and socio-economic developments in Assam during the colonial period.

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Unit	Title	Marks	CLASSES TO BE
			TAKEN
			LECTURE-60
			TUTORIAL=20
			TOTAL INHRS-60
			HRS
Unit I	A.Treaty of Yandaboo and its consequences.	20	3+2=5
	B.Annexation of Assam: Lower Assam, Upper		
	Assam, Cachar.(Badarpur Agreement)and		
	Hills.		
Unit	A.Administrative Reforms and	20	3+2=5
II	Reorganizations- David Scott, Robertson,		
	Jenkins, Pamberton.		
	B.Re-Organization of Assam in 1874		
Unit	Resistance movement:	20	3+2=5
III	A.Early phase of Revolts and Resistance to		
	British rule- Gomadhar Konwar, Piyali Phukan,		
	U.Tirut Singh,		
	B.The Khamti and the Singpho resistance		
	C.The 1857 Revolt in Assam and its aftermath.		
Unit	State of Assam	20	3+2=5
IV	A.Establishment of Chief Commissioner ship in		
	Assam.		
	B.Land Revenue Measures and Peasant		
	Uprisings in 19th century Assam		
	C.Growth of national consciousness – Assam		
	Association, Sarbajanik Sabhas, Raiyat		
Unit	Assam's contribution in Indian Freedom	16	3+2=5
V	movement.		
	A.Government of India Act, 1919 – Dyarchy on		
	Trial in Assam.		
	B.Government of India Act 1935 and Assam.		
	C.The first, second and third phase of freedom		
	movement of India and Assam's participation.		
	D.Trade Union and Allied Movements		

E.Tribal League and Politics in Assam		
F.The fourth and final phase of Freedom		
movement and Assam's active participation.(
Quit India Movement, Cabinet Mission Plan and		
the Grouping Controversy)		
G.The Sylhet Referendum, Migration, Line		
System and its Impact on Politics in Assam		

Further Readings:

- 1. Barpujari, H. K : (ed) The Comprehensive History of Assam, Vols. IV & V
- 2. Baruah, Swarnalata : A Comprehensive History of Assam, Munshiram Monoharlal Publishers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1985
- 3. Goswami, Priyam: From Yandabo to Partition, Orient BlackSwan, 2012.
- 5. Bhuyan, A.C and : (ed) Political History of Assam, Vols. II & III. De,
- 6. S.Bhuyan, A.C: (ed) Nationalist Upsurge in Assam.
- 7. Dutta, Anuradha: Assam in the Freedom Movement.
- 8. Bora .S. :Student Revolution in Assam.
- 9. Chakravarti, B. C: British Relations with the Hill Tribes of Assam.
- 10. Guha, Amalendu :Planters Raj to Swaraj, Freedom Struggle and ElectoralPolitics in Assam.
- 11. Lahiri, R.M: Annexation of Assam

HIS-MINOR- VI- SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC HISTORY OF ASSAM

Lectures: 5

Tutorial : 1 (per week)Marks= 80+20=100

Credit-4

Lectures : 5; Tutorial : 1 (per week)

Learning Outcome: Upon completion of this course, students will be able to analyse and

explain the socio -economic history of Assam including among others the development of

Assamese Language, religious beliefs, agriculture and land system, the social organization, trade and commerce, various agricultural regulations, plantation economy, development of modern industries, transport system, education, the emergence of middle class, development of literature and press, and growth of public associations.

Unit	Title	Marks	CLASSES TO
			BE TAKEN
			LECTURE-60

			TUTORIAL=20 TOTAL INHRS- 60 HRS
Unit I	Society and Economy in Early Assam: A. Inscriptions, land grants, Agrahara B. Development of Assamese Language as reflected in Land Grants and Inscriptions and Sanchipaat. C. Rural life & Urban centres	16	3+1=4 hrs
Unit II	Society in Medieval Assam: A. Caste-Class Relationship, Nobility, <i>Paiks</i> , Slaves and Servants B. Neo-Vaishnavite Movement in Assam C. Development of <i>Satra</i> Institutions and Naamghar in Assam	16	3+1=4 hrs
Unit III	Economy in Medieval Assam: A. Agriculture and Land System B. Land Revenue and other Taxes C. Trade and Commerce – Export and Import, Trade routes and Medium of Trade D. Trade Centers- Khat, Haat, Phat, Duar, Posa and Chowkis.	16	3+1=4 hrs
Unit IV	Economy in Colonial Assam: A. Agriculture Regulations and revenue system. B. Development of modern industry: Tea, Oil and Coal. C. Development of Transport and communication	16	3+1=4 hrs
Unit v	Society in Colonial Assam: A. Development of Urban centers B. Western Education and Christian C. Missionaries in Assam D.Growth of Middle Class E. Renaissance and Cultural transformation and literary organization(Assam Sahitya Sabha and Bodo Sahitya Sabha)	16	3+1=4 hrs

B.K Kakati: Assamese and its formation.

Barpujari, H.K.: (ed): *The Comprehensive History of Assam*, Vol. I, III, IV & V. Barua B.K.: *A Cultural History of Assam*

Baruah, S.L. : A Comprehensive History of Assam, Munshiram Monoharlal Publishers Pvt.

Ltd., New Delhi, 1985

Gogoi Nath, Jahnabi : Agrarian System of Medieval Assam, New Delhi-2002

Guha, Amalendu : Planters Raj to Swaraj: Freedom Struggle and Electoral Politics in Assam

1826-1947

Choudhury, P.C. : *History of Civilization of the People of Assam to the Twelfth Century A.D.*

Gait, E.A. : A History of Assam.

Guha, Amalendu: Medieval and Early Colonial Assam.

Medhi, S. B: Transport System and Economic Development in Assam, Publication Board,

Assam.

Mahanta, P.K., Asomiya Madhyabritya Srenir Itihas

Nath, D: Religion and Society in North East India, DVS, Guwahati, 2011

Rhodes, N. and Bose, S.K.: The Coinage of Assam, Vol. I, Pre-Ahom Period,

Vol.11, Ahom

Period

Saikia, Rajen: Social and Economic History of Assam (1853-1921).

Sarma, S.N. : Socio Economic and Cultural History of Medieval Assam, Guwahati, 1989

Sharma, Monorama :Social and Economic Change in Assam: Middle Class Hegemony